

**Factoring**  
**Difference of Two Squares**

2nd

Name: Hirsch

Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$$

Things to look for:

- Are both terms perfect squares?
- Is it a subtraction problem?

Ex 1.  $x^2 - 9$   
 $(x + 3)(x - 3)$

Ex 2.  $x^2 - 49$   
 $(x + 7)(x - 7)$

Ex 3.  $4x^2 - 25$   
 $(2x + 5)(2x - 5)$

Ex 4.  $\frac{5x^2 - 20}{5}$   
 $\frac{5(x^2 - 4)}{5}$   
 $(x + 2)(x - 2)$

Ex 5.  $x^{16} - 25$   
 $(x^8 + 5)(x^8 - 5)$

Ex 6.  $x^8 - 100$   
 $(x^4 + 10)(x^4 - 10)$

**You Try:**

1.  $x^2 - 121$   
 $(x + 11)(x - 11)$

2.  $x^2 - 64$   
 $(x + 8)(x - 8)$

3.  $9x^2 - 1$   
 $(3x + 1)(3x - 1)$

4.  $\frac{2x^2 - 32}{2}$   
 $\frac{2(x^2 - 16)}{2}$   
 $(x + 4)(x - 4)$

5.  $x^9 - 36$   
cannot factor

6.  $x^{20} - 49$   
 $(x^{10} + 7)(x^{10} - 7)$

**Factoring Practice**  
**Difference of Two Squares**

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Factor using the difference of two squares. If not possible, explain why.

1.  $a^2 - 1$   
 $(a+1)(a-1)$

2.  $\frac{3a^2 - 12}{3}$   $\frac{3(a^2 - 4)}{3}$   
 $3(a+2)(a-2)$

3.  $\frac{16c^2 + 4}{4}$   $\frac{4}{4}$   
 $4(4c^2 + 1)$

4.  $c^2 - 4$   
 $(c+2)(c-2)$

5.  $k^2 - 19$   
cannot factor

6.  $t^4 - 1$   
 $(t^2 + 1)(t^2 - 1)$

7.  $36j^2 - 121$   
 $(6j+11)(6j-11)$

8.  $\frac{9x^8 - 81}{9}$   $\frac{81}{9}$   
 $9(x^8 - 9)$   
 $9(x^4 + 3)(x^4 - 3)$

9.  $y^{10} - 4$   
 $(y^5 + 2)(y^5 - 2)$

10.  $w^2 - 36$   
 $(w+6)(w-6)$

11.  $x^3 - 16$   
cannot factor

12.  $q^{12} + y^6$  cannot factor

13.  $c^2 - 8$   
cannot factor

14.  $64 - c^8$   $(8+c^4)(8-c^4)$