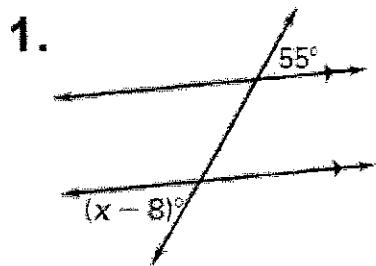
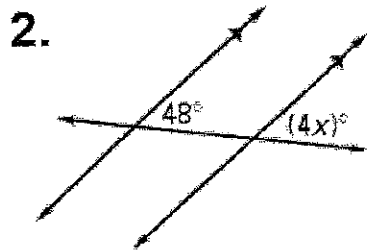


Using Properties of Parallel Lines cut by a Transversal:
 Use properties of parallel lines to find the value of x .
 Also, state your reasoning.



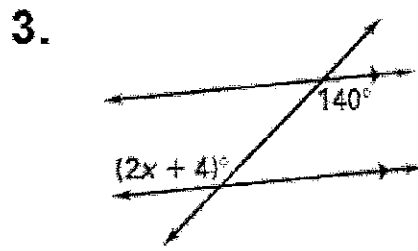
$$\begin{array}{r} x-8 = 55 \\ +8 \quad +8 \\ \hline x = 63 \end{array}$$

$x = 63$ because
Alt. Ext. \angle 's
are congruent



$$\begin{array}{r} 48 = 4x \\ \frac{48}{4} = \frac{4x}{4} \\ 12 = x \end{array}$$

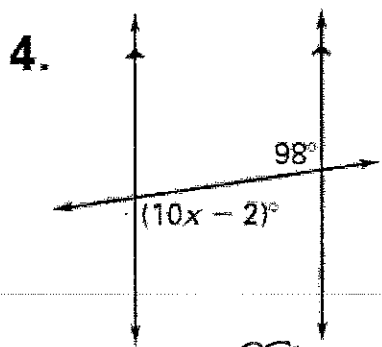
$x = 12$ because
corresponding \angle 's
are congruent



$$\begin{array}{r} 2x+4 = 140 \\ -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline 2x = 136 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{136}{2} \\ x = 68 \end{array}$$

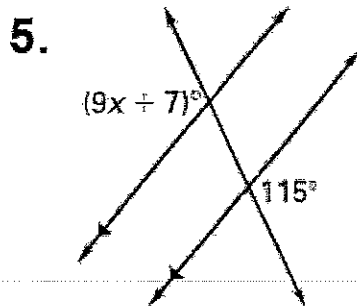
$x = 68$ because
alt int. \angle 's
are congruent

You Practice:



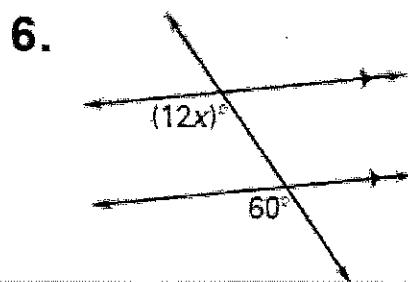
$$\begin{array}{r} 10x-2 = 98 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline 10x = 100 \\ \frac{10x}{10} = \frac{100}{10} \\ x = 10 \end{array}$$

$x = 10$ because
alt. int. \angle 's
are congruent



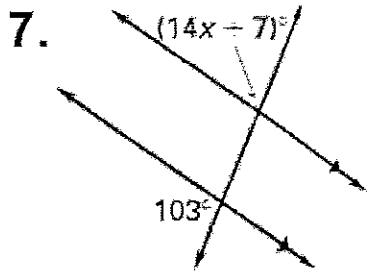
$$\begin{array}{r} 9x+7 = 115 \\ -7 \quad -7 \\ \hline 9x = 108 \\ \frac{9x}{9} = \frac{108}{9} \\ x = 12 \end{array}$$

$x = 12$ because
alt. ext. \angle 's
are congruent



$$\begin{array}{r} 12x = 60 \\ \frac{12x}{12} = \frac{60}{12} \\ x = 5 \end{array}$$

$x = 5$ because
corresponding
 \angle 's are congruent

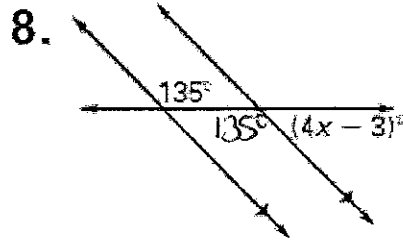


$$14x + 7 + 103 = 180$$

$$14x + 110 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14x + 110 = 180 \\ -110 \quad -110 \\ \hline 14x = 70 \\ \frac{14x}{14} = \frac{70}{14} \\ x = 5 \end{array}$$

$x = 5$ because
same side ext \angle 's
are supplementary

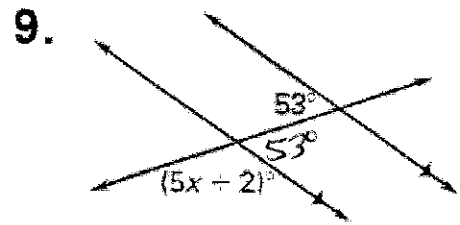


$$4x - 3 + 135 = 180$$

$$4x + 132 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 132 = 180 \\ -132 \quad -132 \\ \hline 4x = 48 \\ \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{48}{4} \\ x = 12 \end{array}$$

$x = 12$ because
linear pair of
an alt. int \angle .
supplementary



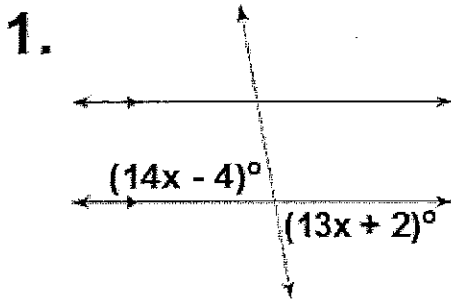
$$5x + 2 + 53 = 180$$

$$5x + 55 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 55 = 180 \\ -55 \quad -55 \\ \hline 5x = 125 \\ \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{125}{5} \\ x = 25 \end{array}$$

$x = 25$ because
linear pair of
an alt. int \angle .
supplementary

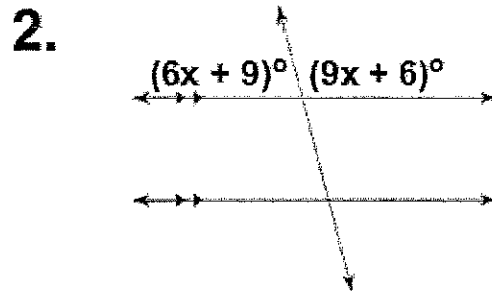
TICKET OUT:



$x = 6$ because
vertical angles are \cong

$$14x - 4 = 13x + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14x - 4 = 13x + 2 \\ -13x \quad -13x \\ \hline x - 4 = 2 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline x = 6 \end{array}$$



$x = 11$ because
linear pairs are
supplementary

$$6x + 9 + 9x + 6 = 180$$

$$15x + 15 = 180$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15x + 15 = 180 \\ -15 \quad -15 \\ \hline 15x = 165 \\ \frac{15x}{15} = \frac{165}{15} \\ x = 11 \end{array}$$